

*Development of  
Low Thermal Expansion Material and  
CTE measurement tool for EUVL*

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# Outline

## **CTE measurement tool**

- Principle of measurement (Optical heterodyne interferometer)
- Reproducibility of measurements
- Accuracy of measurements

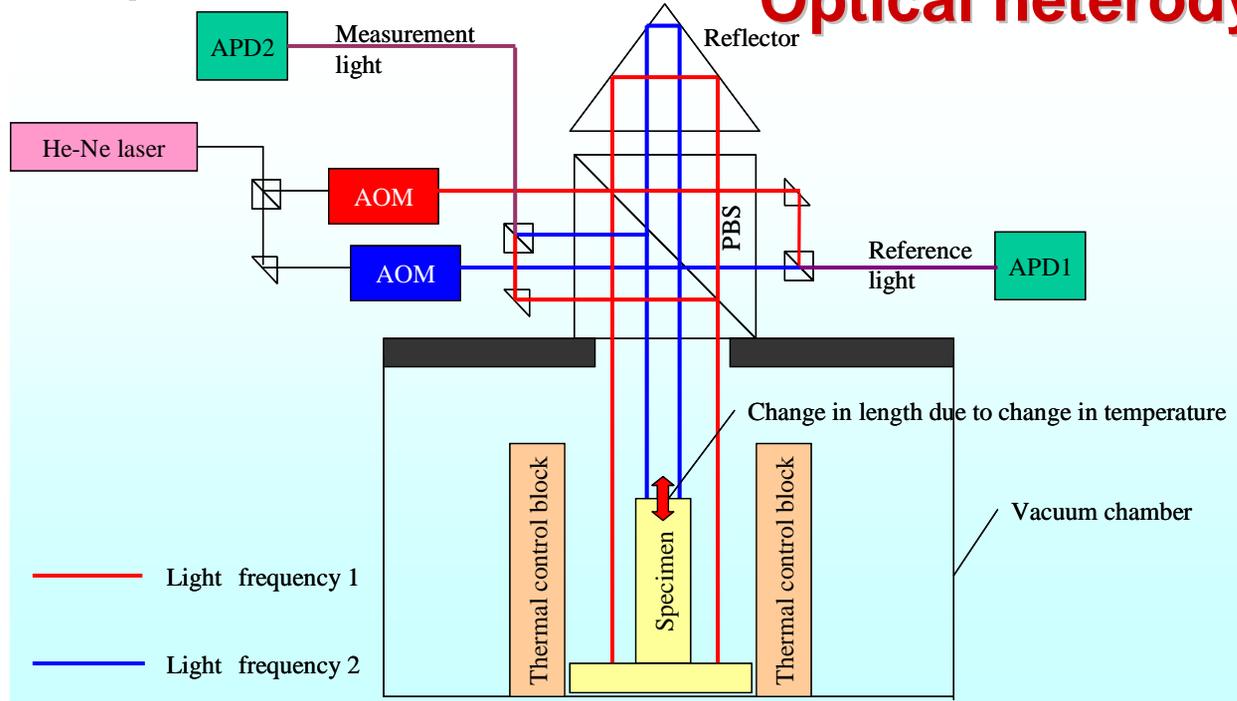
## **CTE properties of AZ**

( = Asahi Zero-expansion glass)

- Dependence of CTE on temperature
- Dependence of CTE on  $\text{TiO}_2$  concentration in AZ
- CTE variation within a substrate and among lots
- Various kinds of properties

# Principle of measurement

## Optical heterodyne interferometry



### Electric field intensity

$$E_1 = a_1 \cos(2\pi f_1 t + \phi_1)$$

$$E_2 = a_2 \cos(2\pi f_2 t + \phi_2)$$

### Intensity of superimposed light

$$I = \langle |E_1 + E_2|^2 \rangle$$

$$= \frac{a_1^2 + a_2^2}{2} + 2a_1 a_2 \cos\{2\pi(f_1 - f_2)t + (\phi_1 - \phi_2)\}$$

$$= \frac{a_1^2 + a_2^2}{2} + 2a_1 a_2 \cos\{2\pi f_b t + \Delta\phi\}$$

Phase difference between APD1 and APD2 at  $T_1$  :  $(\phi_{APD2} - \phi_{APD1})_{T_1}$

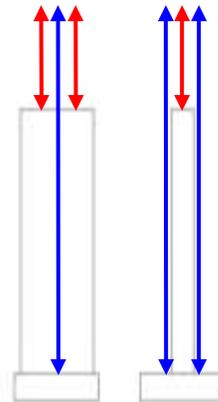
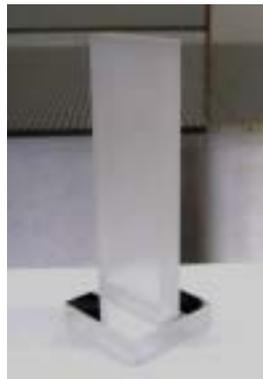
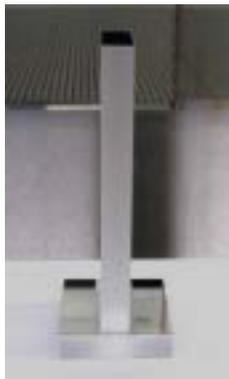
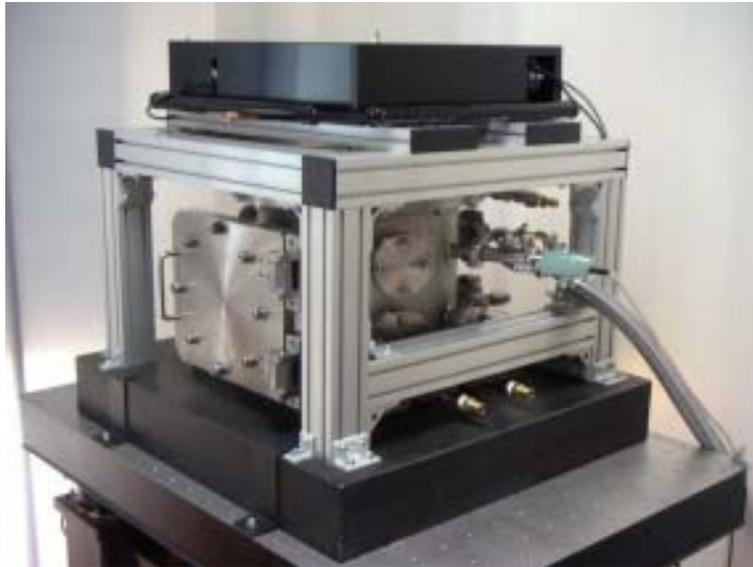
Phase difference between APD1 and APD2 at  $T_2$  :  $(\phi_{APD2} - \phi_{APD1})_{T_2}$

Change in phase difference between  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  :  $\Delta(\phi_{APD2} - \phi_{APD1}) = \frac{2\pi\Delta L}{\lambda}$   $\Delta L$  : Change in length  
 (Quadruple - sensitivity)

# Practical Dilatometer, Sample

**CTE-01**

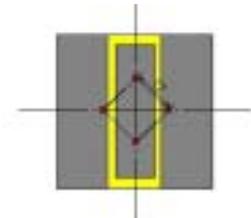
Equipment supplier: 



Optical path

Reference

Displacement



Arrangement of laser spot

# *Reproducibility of Measurements*

Sample: LTEM (Ti-doped silica glass)

Fig. Change in sample temperature

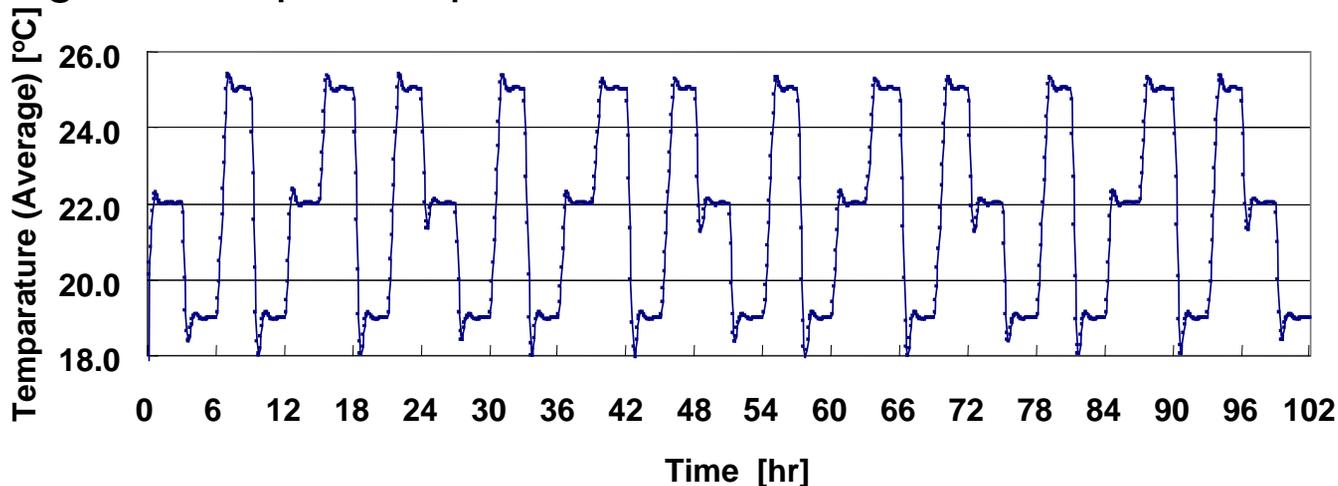
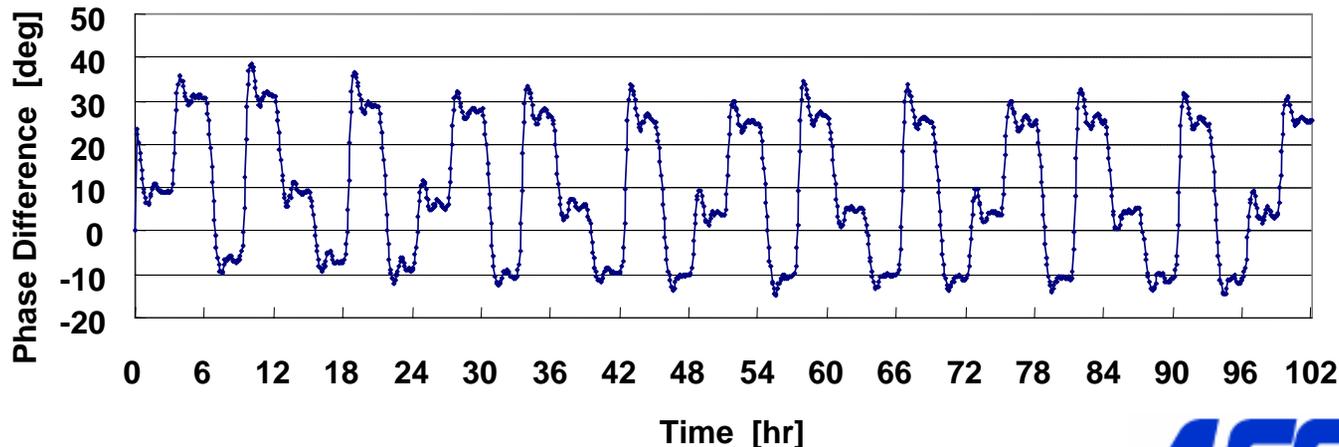


Fig. Change in phase difference



# Reproducibility of Measurements

Table Reproducibility of measurements [ppb/°C]

Test No.	No.1 ( n=16 )	No.2 ( n=12 )	No.3 ( n=16 )
$\sigma$	0.80	0.68	0.70
$2\sigma$	1.60	1.37	1.39
$3\sigma$	2.40	2.05	2.09
Average.	-26.8	-25.6	-27.3

Repeatability \*1

$\sigma$ : **0.80 ppb/°C**

Resetability \*2

**$\Delta$ CTE: +/- 0.85 ppb/°C**

**\*1 Repeatability (Static) :**

reproducibility obtainable from measurements of the same sample without moving it .

**\*2 Resetability (Dynamic) :**

reproducibility obtainable from measurements involves changing the sample.

# *Accuracy of Measurements*

Sample: LTEM (Ti-doped silica glass)

Table Comparison with AIST Measurement.

Sample	ASET	AIST	<b>Difference</b>
LTEM	4.0	2.3	<b>1.7</b>

[ppb/°C]

19-25 °C,  $\Delta T$ : 6 °C

- ASET is investigating the root-cause of difference, and considering the improvement for the dilatometer.

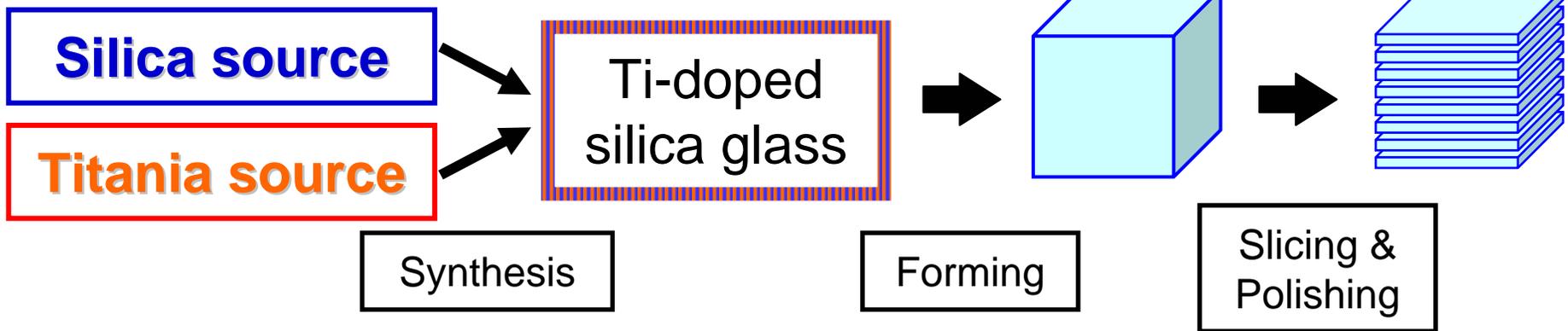
# Development of AZ (LTEM)

➤ AGC has been developing Low Thermal Expansion Material produced by the method which is similar to “Asahi silica glass producing method”.

**Material : AZ ( $\text{TiO}_2\text{-SiO}_2$  glass)**

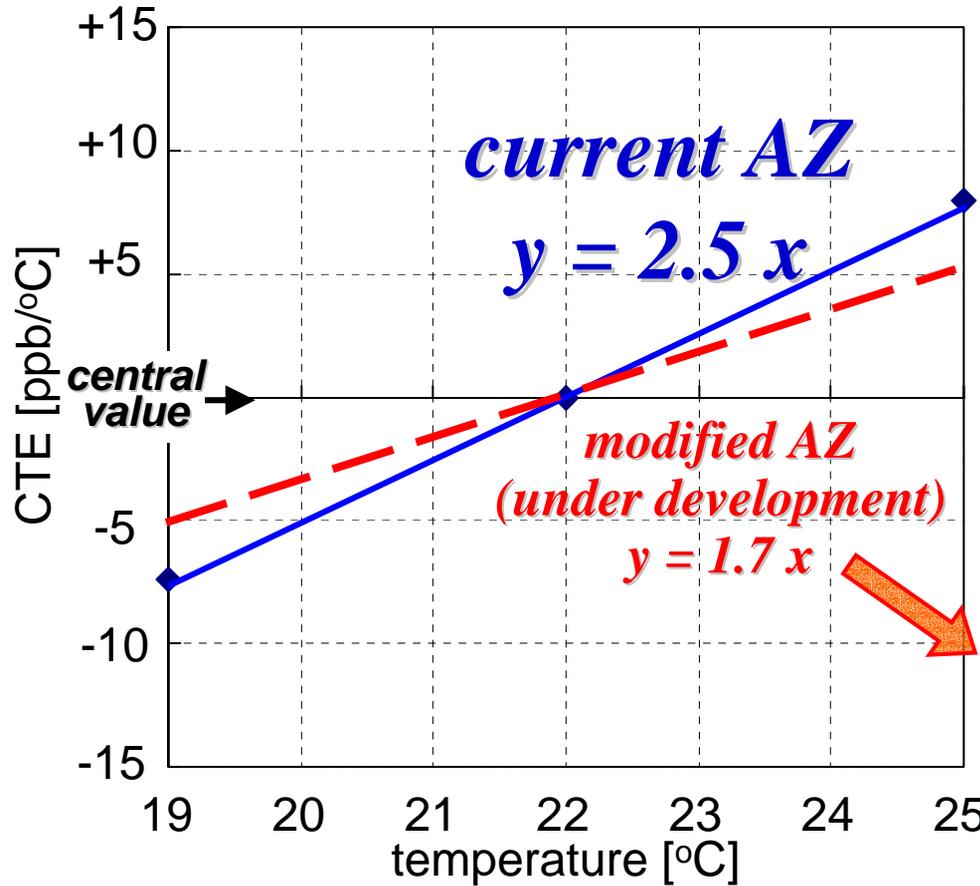
Highly homogeneous  
Mass-producible } fused silica glass,  
AGC has been commercializing since 1985.

In the case of Ti-doped silica glass



# Dependence of CTE on Temperature

➤ AGC have investigated the relationship between CTE of AZ and temperature.



**CTE** : *measured by*  
*ASET's dilatometer*

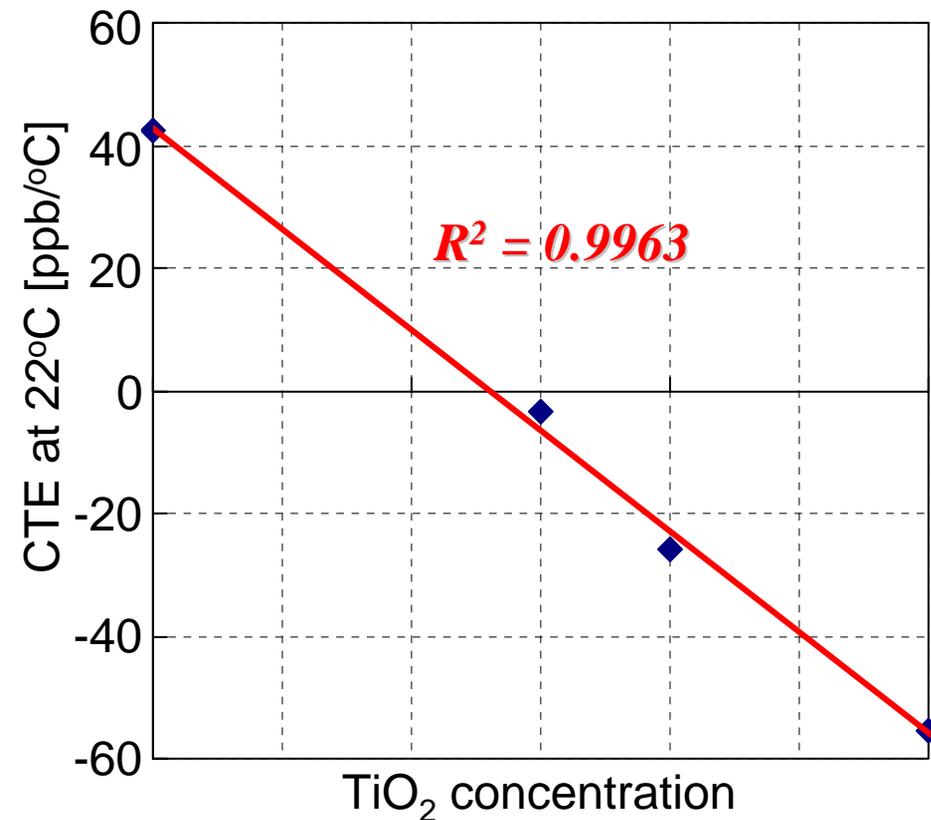
	CTE @ 19°C	CTE @ 22°C	CTE @ 25°C
measurement temperature [°C]	18 - 20	21 - 23	24 - 26
$\Delta T$ [°C]	2	2	2

**AGC will start sample delivery of "modified-AZ" substrate for EUVL application from 2007.**

CTE of AZ is in proportion to temperature within 19-25°C.

# *Dependence of CTE on TiO<sub>2</sub> conc.*

➤ AGC have investigated the relationship between CTE at 22°C and TiO<sub>2</sub> conc. in AZ.



**CTE : measured by  
ASET's dilatometer**

	<b>CTE @ 22°C</b>
measurement temperature [°C]	19 - 25
$\Delta T$ [°C]	<b>6</b>

**TiO<sub>2</sub> conc. : measured by  
XRF (X ray Fluorescence Analysis)**

**CTE is in proportion to TiO<sub>2</sub> conc. in AZ.**

# *CTE Optimization to Zero*

- CTE of AZ can be optimized to zero using the linear correlation between CTE and  $\text{TiO}_2$  conc.

Table CTE measurement result of AZ

CTE measurement Temperature [°C]	Measurement range			CTE [ppb/°C]
	T1[°C]	T2[°C]	$\Delta T$ [°C]	
<b>22</b>	19	25	6	<b>1.09</b>

AZ adjusted  $\text{TiO}_2$  concentration showed nearly zero CTE at 22°C.

# CTE Difference in Measurement Temp.

➤ The difference of CTE @22°C between the measurement temp. range 6°C(19-25°C) and 2°C(21-23°C) have been investigated in AZ.

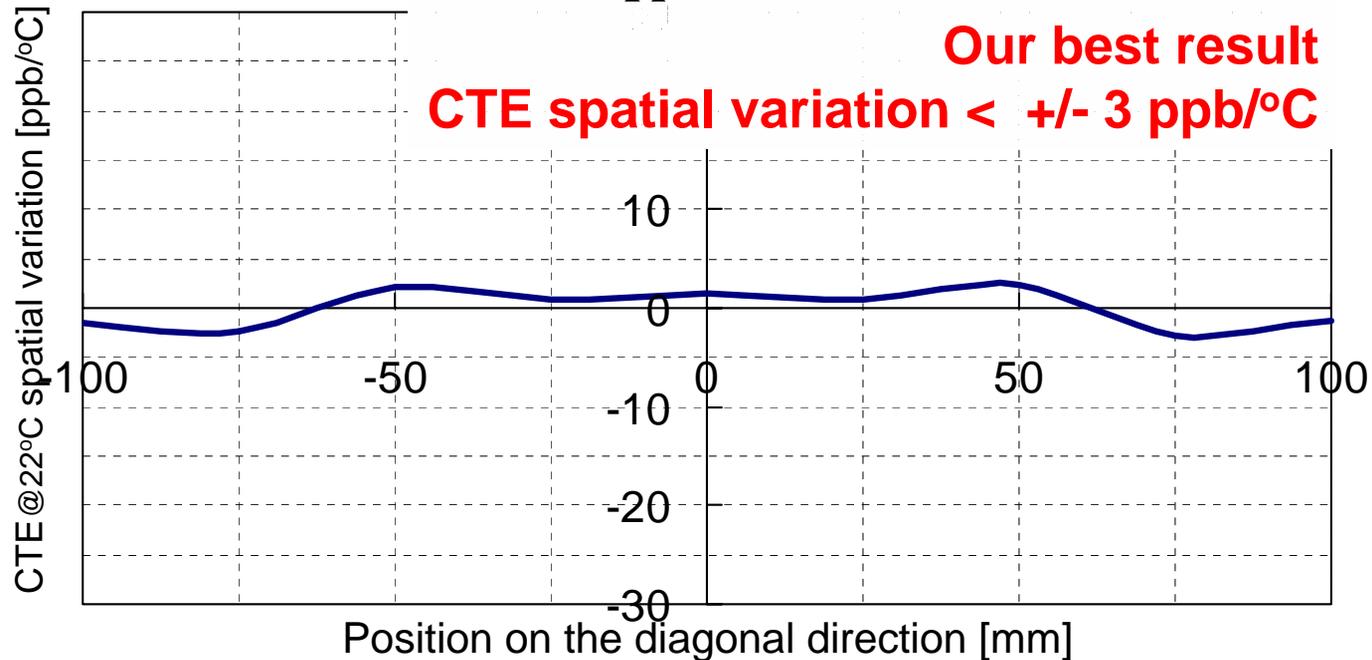
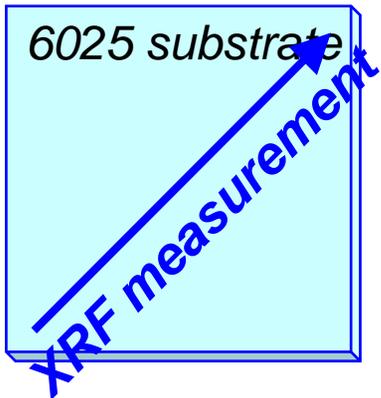
AZ Sample	CTE measurement temperature [°C]	Measurement range			CTE@22°C [ppb/°C]	Difference [ppb/°C]
		T1 [°C]	T2 [°C]	ΔT [°C]		
A	22	19	25	6	-25.1	1.4
	22	21	23	2	-26.5	
B	22	19	25	6	-56.6	0.7
	22	21	23	2	-57.3	
C	22	19	25	6	42.3	0.7
	22	21	23	2	43.0	
D	22	19	25	6	1.1	1.8
	22	21	23	2	-0.7	

*measured by ASET's dilatometer*

In the case of AZ,  
the difference of CTE@22°C caused by the measurement range is very little.

# CTE variation within a substrate

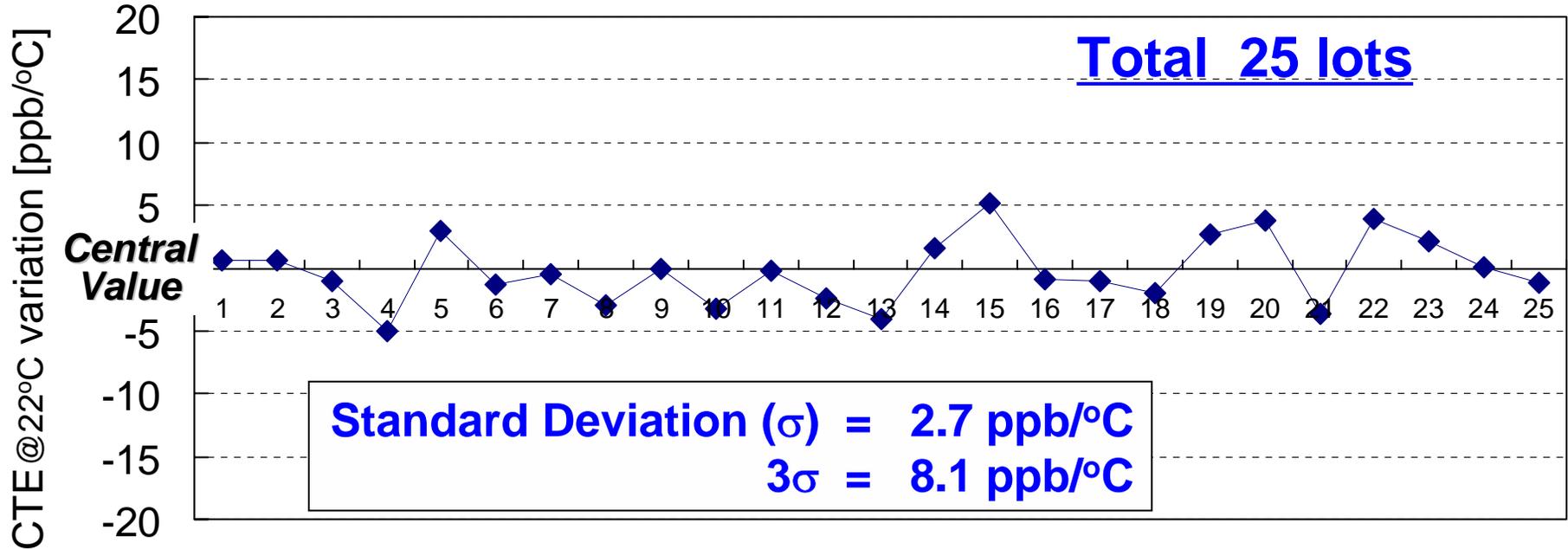
- CTE@22°C spatial variation within a AZ-substrate can be evaluated using the spatial variation of TiO<sub>2</sub> conc. measured by XRF, since CTE has the linear correlation with TiO<sub>2</sub> conc.



**CTE@22°C spatial variation within 6025 substrate can be less than +/- 3 ppb/°C.**

# CTE variation among lots

Fig. CTE@22°C variation among lots (Lot No.1-25)



- In order to monitor the trend of CTE variation, AGC have been measuring mean TiO<sub>2</sub> conc. every lot.
- Sigma( $\sigma$ ) of CTE@22°C variation among 25 lots is less than 3 ppb/°C.

# Summary

## CTE measurement tool

### ➤ Reproducibility of data

Repeatability,  $\sigma < 1 \text{ ppb}/^\circ\text{C}$ , Resetability,  $\Delta\text{CTE} < \pm 1 \text{ ppb}/^\circ\text{C}$

### ➤ Accuracy of data

LTEM;  $< 2 \text{ ppb}/^\circ\text{C}$  (under improving)

### ➤ ASET confirms that the CTE-01 will be useful for the precise measurement of the CTEs of EUVL-grade LTEMs.

## CTE properties of AZ

### ➤ AGC have demonstrated

*the correlation between CTE and temperature (19-25°C) and the correlation between CTE and TiO<sub>2</sub> conc. in AZ by ASET's dilatometer.*

### ➤ AZ optimized TiO<sub>2</sub> conc. showed CTE = 1.09 ppb/°C at 22°C

### ➤ CTE variation

Spatial variation within a substrate,  
CTE@22°C variation among 25 lots,

$\Delta\text{CTE}@22^\circ\text{C} < \pm 3 \text{ ppb}/^\circ\text{C}$   
 $\sigma < 3 \text{ ppb}/^\circ\text{C}$